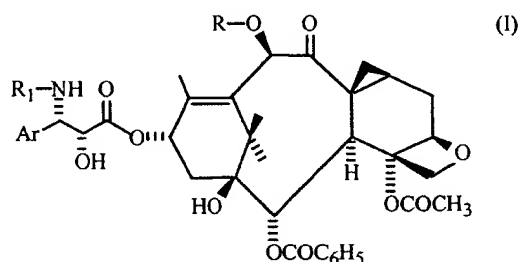


**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

1. - 139. (Cancelled)

~~A 1~~ 140. (Previously presented) A taxoid of the formula



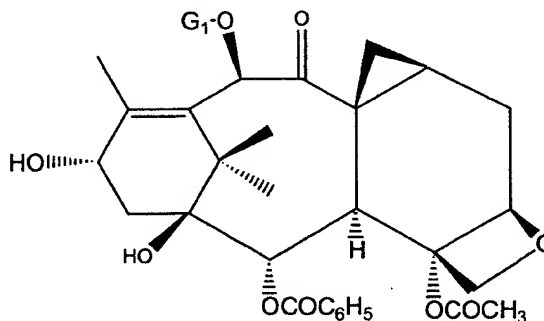
in which

R represents hydrogen or acetyl,

R<sub>1</sub> represents benzoyl or R<sub>2</sub>-O-CO- in which R<sub>2</sub> represents t-butyl, and

Ar represents phenyl or α- or β-naphthyl, said phenyl or naphthyl being unsubstituted or substituted by C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, halogen, or CF<sub>3</sub>, or Ar represents 2- or 3-thienyl or 2- or 3-furyl, said thienyl or furyl being unsubstituted or substituted by halogen.

141. (Previously presented) A taxoid of the formula:

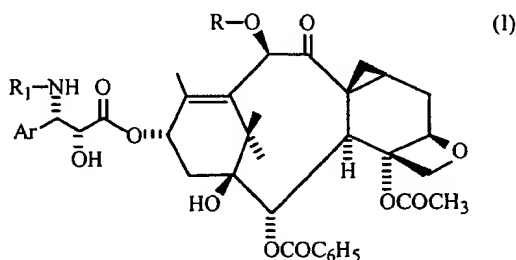


in which G<sub>1</sub> represents hydrogen or acetyl.

142. (Previously presented) 4 $\alpha$ -10 $\beta$ -diacetoxo-2 $\alpha$ -benzoyloxy-5 $\beta$ ,20-epoxy-1 $\beta$ -hydroxy-7 $\beta$ ,8 $\beta$ -methylene-9-oxo-19-nor-11-taxen-13 $\alpha$ -yl (2R,3S)-3-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-2-hydroxy-3-phenylpropionate.

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cont

143. (New) A method of treating breast cancer comprising administering to a human having breast cancer, an effective amount of a taxoid of formula (I)



in which

R represents hydrogen or acetyl,

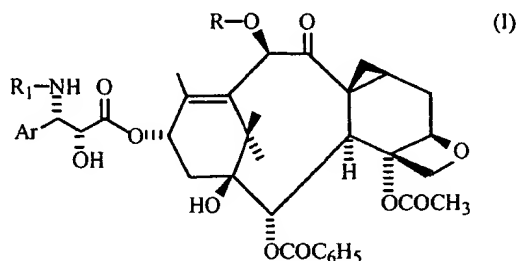
R<sub>1</sub> represents benzoyl or R<sub>2</sub>-O-CO- in which R<sub>2</sub> represents t-butyl, and

Ar represents phenyl or  $\alpha$ - or  $\beta$ -naphthyl, said phenyl or naphthyl being unsubstituted or substituted by C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, halogen, or CF<sub>3</sub>, or Ar represents 2- or 3-thienyl or 2- or 3-furyl, said thienyl or furyl being unsubstituted or substituted by halogen.

144. (New) A method of treating breast cancer comprising administering to a human having breast cancer, an effective amount of 4 $\alpha$ -10 $\beta$ -diacetoxo-2 $\alpha$ -benzoyloxy-5 $\beta$ ,20-

epoxy-1 $\beta$ -hydroxy-7 $\beta$ ,8 $\beta$ -methylene-9-oxo-19-nor-11-taxen-13 $\alpha$ -yl (2R,3S)-3-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-2-hydroxy-3-phenylpropionate.

145. (New) A method of treating ovarian cancer comprising administering to a human having ovarian cancer, an effective amount of a taxoid of formula (I)



in which

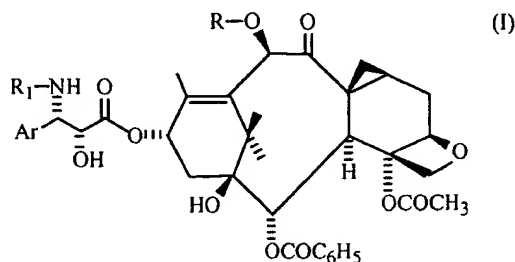
R represents hydrogen or acetyl,

R<sub>1</sub> represents benzoyl or R<sub>2</sub>-O-CO- in which R<sub>2</sub> represents t-butyl, and

Ar represents phenyl or  $\alpha$ - or  $\beta$ -naphthyl, said phenyl or naphthyl being unsubstituted or substituted by C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, halogen, or CF<sub>3</sub>, or Ar represents 2- or 3-thienyl or 2- or 3-furyl, said thienyl or furyl being unsubstituted or substituted by halogen.

146. (New) A method of treating ovarian cancer comprising administering to a human having ovarian cancer, an effective amount of 4 $\alpha$ -10 $\beta$ -diacetoxo-2 $\alpha$ -benzoyloxy-5 $\beta$ ,20-epoxy-1 $\beta$ -hydroxy-7 $\beta$ ,8 $\beta$ -methylene-9-oxo-19-nor-11-taxen-13 $\alpha$ -yl (2R,3S)-3-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-2-hydroxy-3-phenylpropionate.

147. (New) A method of treating melanoma comprising administering to a human having melanoma, an effective amount of a taxoid of formula (I)



in which

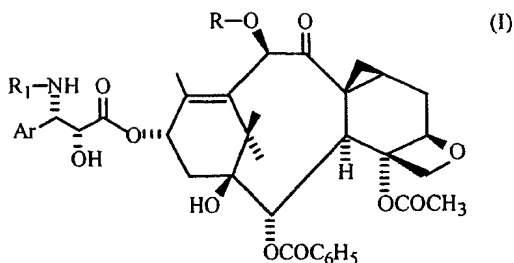
R represents hydrogen or acetyl,

R<sub>1</sub> represents benzoyl or R<sub>2</sub>-O-CO- in which R<sub>2</sub> represents t-butyl, and

Ar represents phenyl or  $\alpha$ - or  $\beta$ -naphthyl, said phenyl or naphthyl being unsubstituted or substituted by C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, halogen, or CF<sub>3</sub>, or Ar represents 2- or 3-thienyl or 2- or 3-furyl, said thienyl or furyl being unsubstituted or substituted by halogen.

148. (New) A method of treating melanoma comprising administering to a human having melanoma, an effective amount of 4 $\alpha$ -10 $\beta$ -diacetoxo-2 $\alpha$ -benzoyloxy-5 $\beta$ ,20-epoxy-1 $\beta$ -hydroxy-7 $\beta$ ,8 $\beta$ -methylene-9-oxo-19-nor-11-taxen-13 $\alpha$ -yl (2R,3S)-3-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-2-hydroxy-3-phenylpropionate.

149. (New) A method of treating colon cancer comprising administering to a human having colon cancer, an effective amount of a taxoid of formula (I)



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in which

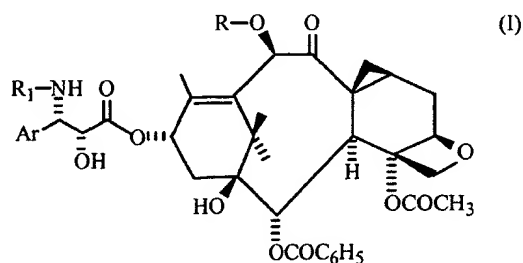
R represents hydrogen or acetyl,

R<sub>1</sub> represents benzoyl or R<sub>2</sub>-O-CO- in which R<sub>2</sub> represents t-butyl, and

Ar represents phenyl or α- or β-naphthyl, said phenyl or naphthyl being unsubstituted or substituted by C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, halogen, or CF<sub>3</sub>, or Ar represents 2- or 3-thienyl or 2- or 3-furyl, said thienyl or furyl being unsubstituted or substituted by halogen.

150. (New) A method of treating colon cancer comprising administering to a human having colon cancer, an effective amount of 4α-10β-diacetoxy-2α-benzoyloxy-5β,20-epoxy-1β-hydroxy-7β,8β-methylene-9-oxo-19-nor-11-taxen-13α-yl (2R,3S)-3-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-2-hydroxy-3-phenylpropionate.

151. (New) A method of treating pancreatic cancer comprising administering to a human having pancreatic cancer, an effective amount of a taxoid of formula (I)



in which

R represents hydrogen or acetyl,

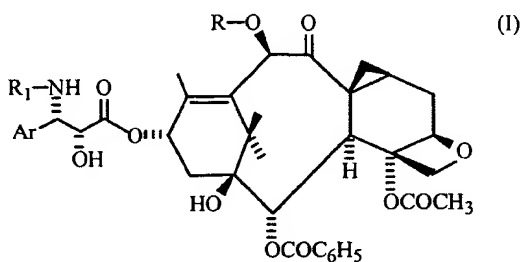
R<sub>1</sub> represents benzoyl or R<sub>2</sub>-O-CO- in which R<sub>2</sub> represents t-butyl, and

Ar represents phenyl or  $\alpha$ - or  $\beta$ -naphthyl, said phenyl or naphthyl being unsubstituted or substituted by C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, halogen, or CF<sub>3</sub>, or Ar represents 2- or 3-thienyl or 2- or 3-furyl, said thienyl or furyl being unsubstituted or substituted by halogen.

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cont

152. (New) A method of treating pancreatic cancer comprising administering to a human having pancreatic cancer, an effective amount of 4 $\alpha$ -10 $\beta$ -diacetoxo-2 $\alpha$ -benzoyloxy-5 $\beta$ ,20-epoxy-1 $\beta$ -hydroxy-7 $\beta$ ,8 $\beta$ -methylene-9-oxo-19-nor-11-taxen-13 $\alpha$ -yl (2R,3S)-3-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-2-hydroxy-3-phenylpropionate.

153. (New) A method of treating leukemia comprising administering to a human having leukemia, an effective amount of a taxoid of formula (I)



in which

R represents hydrogen or acetyl,

R<sub>1</sub> represents benzoyl or R<sub>2</sub>-O-CO- in which R<sub>2</sub> represents t-butyl, and

Ar represents phenyl or  $\alpha$ - or  $\beta$ -naphthyl, said phenyl or naphthyl being unsubstituted or substituted by  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$  alkoxy, halogen, or  $CF_3$ , or Ar represents 2- or 3-thienyl or 2- or 3-furyl, said thienyl or furyl being unsubstituted or substituted by halogen.

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Cat

154. (New) A method of treating leukemia comprising administering to a human having leukemia, an effective amount of 4 $\alpha$ -10 $\beta$ -diacetoxy-2 $\alpha$ -benzoyloxy-5 $\beta$ ,20-epoxy-1 $\beta$ -hydroxy-7 $\beta$ ,8 $\beta$ -methylene-9-oxo-19-nor-11-taxen-13 $\alpha$ -yl (2R,3S)-3-tert-butoxycarbonylamino-2-hydroxy-3-phenylpropionate.

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